# Status of the experiment to study reaction dp breakup.



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### LINS LIGHT Nuclei Structure

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### Collaboration

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- Status of experiment
  - Detectors for reaction dp breakup
  - Hardware bay
  - High voltage system
  - Data acquisition system
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- Conclusions



The purpose of this experimental program is to obtain the information about spin – dependent part of the 3NF from two processes:

1. dp-elastic scattering;

2. dp-breakup with registration of two protons at energy 300 - 500 MeV.



### dp breakup reaction



•The light shaded band (blue) contains the theoretical predictions based on CD-Bonn, AV18, Nijm I, II and Nijm 93.

•The darker band (magenta) represents predictions when these NN forces are combined with the TM 3NF.

•The solid line is for AV18+Urbana IX and the dashed line for CD Bonn+TM

One can see that the inclusion of 3NF have great impact on the values of analyzing power and cross section.

 $\Theta_1$  – polar angle of the 1-st proton.

 $\Theta_2$  – polar angle of the 2-nd proton.

S – arc length along the kinematical curve.

 $\Phi_{12}$  – azimuth angle with respect to the horizontal plane.

# Status of experiment $(\Delta E - E \ detector).$



Photography (fig A) and a schematic view (fig B) of the detection system.

The dp breakup reaction will be investigated in another experiment using  $\Delta E - E$  technique for the detection of protons.

Each detector consists of 2 scintillation counters: the first one with a thin scintillator (1 cm) and the second with 20 cm in length. The diameter of the E-counter scintillator is 10 cm. Useful events will be selected by the time of flight difference and  $\Delta E - E$  information for the detected particles.



### Status of experiment (cosmic rays test for $\triangle E$ - E detectors).



Data shown were collected on cosmic muons in May 2008.

fig A is the amplitude from one PMTs 85.

fig B is the amplitude from PMTs 63.

fig C is the correlation of these amplitudes.



#### Status of experiment (hardware bay).

Hardware bay consists of 4 vertical steel arc (two with each sides of ion guide at Nuclotron). Each arc can moves in the horizontal plane. On the arc take up position two carriages for installing  $\Delta E - E$  counters. Counters move relatively arc in the vertical plane.





### Status of experiment (system of high voltage ).



Photomultiplier tube (PMT 85) is controlled by module connected with computer through the bus RS232. The module was designed at LHEP JINR.

The high voltage system for Photomultiplier tube (PMT 63) is based on "Wenzel Electronik", whose voltage is adjusted and checked online through DAC and ADC modules CAMAC.

Photography of voltage system based on module "Wenzel Electronik N-1130"

#### Status of experiment (high voltage control system).

MIDAS experiment "hv"	Tue Jul 8 17:37:49 2008		
ODB Status Help			
Equipment: <b>HV</b>	fig A		
Groups: All <u>Default</u>		ing A	
Names	Demand	Measured	Current
CH 0	0 Se	t 2.44141	0
CH 1	<u>0</u>	3.05176	0.610352

fig A is MIDAS window for online control and checking of high voltage module. fig B is the "history" window of package MIDAS.

MIDAS is a versatile DAQ system for middle range physics experiments.

MIDAS experiment "hv	" Tue Jul 8 18:14:06 2008		
ODB Alarms Status			
ALL   Default Trigger rate   HV CH	fig B		
New			
10m 1h 3h 12h 24h 3d 7d <	+ - > >> Large Small Create ELog Config Query		
HV/CH			
2200 Default%CH 0 Measured			
2000 Default%CH 0 Current			
1800 Default%CH 1 Measured 1800 Default%CH 1 Current			
1600-			
1400-			
1200-			
1000-			
800-			
600-			
400-			
200			
a20_Jun 6	08 13:00 20 Jun 08 19:00		



## Status of experiment (trigger module LT320D).

Screenshot of LT320D trigger module control program.

One of the important advantages of this module is the possibility to control online the status of majority coincidence circuit.



### Status of experiment (beam test for dp breakup reaction).



Data shown were acquired with deuteron energy 2.3 GeV on <sup>12</sup>C target in June 2008 using module LT320D. The trigger based on coincidence from two detectors located in the horizontal plane on the left and right from the beam.

fig A is the amplitude from one of the PMTs 85.

fig B is the amplitude from PMTs 63 of the same detector.

fig C is the correlation of these amplitudes.

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#### **Status of experiment** (beam test for dp breakup reaction).



fig A is the correlation of amplitudes from two E-detectors.

fig B is the time-of-flight difference for two E-detectors.

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#### **Nearest plans**

2008:

- Modification of the DAQ system to VME standard;
- Preparation of the experiment on dp  $\rightarrow$  ppn reaction;
- Further data analysis.

2009:

- Cross section measurements for dp → ppn with unpolarized beam;
- Measurements of the analyzing powers for dp  $\rightarrow$  ppn in 300- 500 MeV;
- Analysis of the obtained data from both experimental and theoretical sides.



### Conclusion

- The driver was written and compiled with package MIDAS for control high voltage system.
- Included use the trigger module LT320D in DAQ system.
- Acquisition and test of ∆E E counters, high voltage system and DAQ system at the internal target station at Nuclotron were organized.
- We are going to take the data on dp breakup using both unpolarized and polarized deuteron beams at Nuclotron in 2008-2009.

### THANK YOU FOR THE **ATTENTION!** LNS Light Nuclei Structure